

Portable Ultrasonic Water Depth Meter---HLU-SF



1. Profiles:

Holykell HLU-SF ultrasonic water depth meter is used in reservoirs, lakes, rivers or shallow sea water etc. The main principal is to place ultrasonic transducer above water or in water and use ultrasonic spreading in the water to get calculated water depth by instrument. This instrument adopts the international advanced technology, equipped also with water depth measurement functions, control functions, data transfer functions and man-machine communication capabilities. This instrument is a water depth measurement instrument of ultrasonic receive and dispatch sensor, servo circuit, temperature compensation, salinity compensation and compensation circuit unit, monitor, and control signal output and serial data or analog output unit (optional). Its main advantages are high reliability, long life, easy access, simple operation, accurate measurement of features and less-maintenance, it has already been widely used in the hydrographic survey, hydropower plant, reservoir area, shallow seas, lakes, rivers, surveying, environmental waters monitoring etc.

the water depth meter has different compensation of water quality and water sound temperature for sea water, river water, and cost performance are surpassed import type.

Standard configuration of instrument: 1. Sensor; 2. handheld instrument, high-capacity lithium-ion battery (built-in), 3.Dedicated charger. Can be selected a variety of portable protective box when you ordering.





2. Instrument composition and port definition







3. Specifications:

Maximum Range: 100m, 200m, 300m (default 100m, can be customizable) Detection accuracy: ± 0.5% FS (based on 20 ° C water standard plane) Blind Zone Detection: \leq 500 to 800mm (at F0 ~ FS, according to the sensor range) Draft depth: ≥ 500mm Detection methods: of 0.1 ~~ 100Hz / s (without special requirements, 1Hz / s is default) Beam angle: 18 ° ± 2 ° Operating frequency: 50kHz~200kHz (based on matching sensor dependent) Output signal: 4 ~20 mA, RS485 (can be customizable) Instrument operating parameters: Dispaly: LCD multi-information screen+ backlight, water depths four-digit +15 field data display Display resolution: d = 1 mm/1 cm (user settings) Keyboard: five touch of a button Operating Temperature: 0 °C ~ 50 °C; Storage temperature: - 20 °C ~ 70 °C Operating Humidity: ≤ 80% RH non-condensing (instrument) Storage humidity: ≤ 70% RH non-condensing (instrument) Dimensions: 235 x 115 x 70mm Operating voltage: built-in rechargeable lithium battery, standby time of approximately 6 hours intermittent Sensor operating parameters: Application medium: fresh water, sea water (determined when you ordering) Operating temperature: 0 °C ~ 40 °C temperature compensation automatic Sensor lead: 10meters, lead is done acoustic matching before delivery. Weight: Net.weight≤ 2.5Kg, Gross Weight ≤ 3.5Kg with suitcase packing Package Size: $90 \times 16 \times 24$ cm (containing the suitcase) Installation: handheld portable; 1 inch threaded mounting of sensor Dedicated charger: Input voltage: 110 to 240VAC 50/60Hz Output voltage: 12.6VDC 350mA

♦ ♦ Special Caution !

The device contains LI-CELL, only applicable with the allocated charger and storage between $0 \sim 40$ °C; Please keep away from fire, heat, collision, water and short pass, otherwise explosion might happen! The battery and charger are consumables, without of warranty; when the green indicator light, that means the battery is fully charged, please unplug the charger timely.

The range based on the area of beam projection corresponding distance and steel smooth plane target perpendicular to the sensor axis, otherwise may reduce range or can't be measured without good reflect target.



4. Instrument display and keyboard definition:

Instrument display:

Show Value(m)

Netaddress indicate Baud rate indicate Switching value output Serial port communication

 888888
 Output display of analog or temp

 0055980
 1508

 Analog output indicate

 Fault report and type indicate

Keyboard definition:

Addend key: press this key and add "1" of blink digit number then determine the decimal point in setting status, when you need negative numbers operation, Press to tune out or remove the negative sign; Press the key for 5 seconds in working status you can turn off the display and access a power saving mode.	
Flip over key: when press this key in working status will display P1, then press shift key to enter P1 menu to set or read parameters, each time you press the page key will display the next menu, total item is eleven.	
Shift key: press this key to shift, when each digit has been set then press the key till each digit all flashing is mean setting parameters stored in the operation; when under show off power-saving mode, press the key can open the display; while press this key for 5 seconds can turn on the backlight in working condition, press the key for five seconds again will close the backlight.	
Boot key: Press to boot, power indicator will light.	
Power-off key: Press this key, POWER is off.	



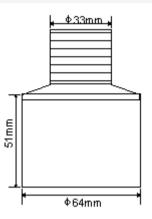
5. Menu operation:

Menu	Press flip over key in working status will display P1, press the shift key again, will enter		
Access	P1 menu, the menu is as follows:		
L1 xxxx	The first limit alarm output: no use.		
L2 xxxx	The second limit alarm output: ditto.		
L3 xxxx	The third limit alarm output: ditto.		
L4 xxxx	The fourth limit alarm output: ditto.		
	Draft depth Settings, set one half of the negative distance between the surface to depth		
	sensor emission face into the menu, it will automatically count the draft depth when the		
Exxxx	instrument display depth of water.		
	Parameter setting method: press shift key to shift, press addend key to flicker a addend,		
	input necessary numerical, press the shift key when flicker in the bottom, when all the		
	four parameters setting don't flicker any more, press flip over key to save the setting		
	parameters and enter the next menu.		
	Salinity value Settings, when salinity value is 0 for fresh water depth; While used in sea		
N××××	water, output corresponding value according to the current salinity of water. Such as		
	when salinity is 3.6%, N should be 0.036 output.		
	Parameter setting method: ditto.		
	The machine address number Settings, the function is special for multiple machines on		
d ×	line with upper computer communication, virtual value is 1 ~ 99.		
	Parameter setting method: press the addend key plus one once, press the shift key		
	minus 1 once, the default value is 0.		
	Communication Baud rate setting, Baud rate is as follows: 0.3, 0.6, 1.2, 2.4, 4.8, 9.6,		
bo xxx	19.2 Kbps.		
	Parameter setting method: press the addend key to increase, press the shift key to		
	reduce.		
	Emission power Settings, effective value is 0 ~ 15, set according to the working		
Ρ×	conditions (taking stable and accurate for moderate, generally according to the factory		
	set point).		
	Parameter setting method: ditto.		
C××××	Temperature of current measured water. This menu is only for observation, can't be		
	modified.		
CAxxxx	The output analog value of current measured depth.		
	This menu is only for observation, can't be modified.		
Exit menu	When parameters has been set up completely, press flip over key for 3 seconds, then		
	will exit P1 menu and enter the normal working state.		



6. Installation dimension of sensor:

[The following picture is the schematic diagram of sensor body, the final size and appearance is subject to the real goods]



◆ Installation suggestion: sensor installation should consider the protection requirements of the cable, we suggest to make cable through the pipe, then connect pipe to sensor connector, other external fittings can connect the pipe directly. In order to avoid cable fracture to cause permanent damage of sensor, cable should be avoid under the stress of the installation of fittings.

7. Application Notice:

- 1. Ultrasonic water depth sensor is precision instrument, it must be power on more than 5 minutes before using.
- 2. Ultrasonic water depth sensor can only work in the water. It can't work in the air.
- 3. It needs input N value(salinity value) in the P1 menu when it works in the sea water.
- 4. Ultrasonic water depth sensor has been matched with instrument circuit, can't be interchangeable. In order to improve the service life of instrument, please build awnings above the water depth sensor when it works outdoor, don't put the ultrasonic water depth sensor in the environment of long-term sunny or raining.
- 5. Transmitting power can't be set too large or too small, otherwise it won't be able to work normally
- 6. Ultrasonic water depth sensor has blind zone, the data display is random within the blind zone.
- 7. The sensitivity is very high of instrument, so there can't have too strong noise and electromagnetic interference nearby when use it. It will affect the stability of the instrument and even shorten the service life of the instrument if flow momentum is big, temperature and humidity isn't within the regulation range, temperature change too fast and instrument surface is with moisture condensation etc.
- 8. Strictly prohibit putting LCD products into high or low temperature environment.



8. Communication protocol of Serial port:

[Standard Baud rate]

Half duplex asynchronous mode, Baud rate can be set freely from 600 to 19200 BPS.

MC version communication format (standard Baud rate).

1: Host machine: After sending address (1 ~ 64)of binary code then inquire receiving data.

2: Slave: to response by interrupt mode, each frame sending 21 byte.

Sending data Sequence of Slave:

First 5 bytes is water depth value (5 bytes ASC code, the unit is meter)

The sixth to twentieth bytes is production testing code (no business of the user); the twenty-first byte is "accumulation sum" verify word!

★ For example: some time the superior machine receive a frame level data which sent by HLU-SF as follows, 30 2E 35 30 31 31 31 33 2E 37 36 31 41 5C 2D 86 3F 00 4D B5 E6

---- depth value = 0.501m(30 2 E 35 30 31);

---- 6-20 bytes is production testing code;

---- E6 is accumulating sum

To enable users to enjoy better quality and frontier science technology achievement, HLU-SF products will continue to upgrade, -- -- -- - if there is a technical subject to change without prior notice)

9. Frequently questions and treatment methods:

Difficult questions	Possible reason of difficult questions	Treatment methods
	1.Built-in lithium battery power is not	1. To charge instrument in time.
No display after press	enough	2.Need to replace built-in lithium
Bootkey or measurement	2.Built-in lithium battery is failure	battery, please contact the supplier
is not normal, sensor		of ultrasonic water depth instrument.
without sound		(be sure not to power on and
		operation by yourself)
	1.Instrument into close display energy	1.Deep press the shift key to open
Sensor has sound,	saving mode	display
but without display	2.Display chip or screen has been	2. Contact supplier of ultrasonic
	damaged	water depth instrument.
With display, but digital	1. Input working voltage is too low, the	1.Power supply according to the
can't change according	sensor of ultrasonic water depth gauge	required voltage.
to distance surface, and	does not work;	2. Contact manufacturer of ultrasonic
the sensor without	2.Sensor of ultrasonic water depth	water depth instrument.



sound	gougo or power driver has been	
souna	gauge or power driver has been damaged.	
	1. The depth of water meter installed too	1. Adjust the sensor's axis and make
	inclined, reflection is not good;	it perpendicular to the water surface
Has display and sound,	2. The power setting too big, and then	2.Generally, under 20 m range,
but the measuring	caused remaining vibration or diffraction	power P is about 10, above 30 m
numerical value	is big;	range, power P is about 10 ~ 15
disorderly jump, or	3. Don't properly used in air	(also have special);
numerical value is not	environment;	3.Put the sensor into water to
change according to the	4. There are two or more than two sets	measure;
distance change	of water depth meter are working in	4. Move another instrument to the
	close, causing echo interference;	distant measurement area;
	5. The water has too big electromagnetic	5.Shielding interference; 6.Contact
	interference; 6. Gain parameters has	the manufacturer of ultrasonic water
	been modified artificially.	depth meter
	1.Depth of water meter's range is small,	1. Adjust the working range of water
	but the working range is too big;	depth meter to actual range;
	2. The application range is not wrong, the	2. Adjust application environment to
Sensor has sound and	application of the water environment	appropriate water with reflection
display horizontal line	turbidity is too large or bed no reflection	plane;
""	conditions, and can't get the echo;	3.Access to user menu the depth of
	3. Setting of Power P is too small or too	water meter user menu and change
	large.	transmitted power, increase or
		decrease P until display is
		stable.
	1.There is a large obstacles in water	1.2. Change installation places.
	under sensor, which cause reflection	3.Setting correct N value (please
	wave;	refer to the instruction);
The sensor has sound	2. The installation is too nearby the	4. If the temperature difference is
and the error of water	shore side, wave distinguishes is reflex	more than ten degrees, it means the
depth value error is more	midway;	sensor is damaged, please contact
than ten centimeters	3.Check whether it is correct of "N	supplier timely.
	value" setting;	
	4.Check whether it is normal of	
	temperature "C" value.	
	1.The range migration parameters FX	1.Contact supplier;





has been illegally modified;	2. Contact the distributor or the			
2. The output fine adjustment	manufacturer to set correct			
parameter AX has been illegally	parameter;			
modified;	3. Charging in time.			
3. Low battery.				
	1.Check the host and extension set,			
1. The setting of extension baud rate is	adjust Baud rate to be consistent;			
not consistent with the setting of host	2.Check host's Ar value, make the			
machine;	extension address does not			
2.Extension address is 0 or excess	overflow;			
range;	3. Using $\ge \Phi$ 2 mm twisted-pair			
3.Twisted-pair cable is too thin,	cable;			
capacitance is too big of wires;	4. Consulting the manufacturer of			
4. 232-485 converter is abnormal of PC.	serial converter or replace the serial			
	converter.			
	 has been illegally modified; 2. The output fine adjustment parameter AX has been illegally modified; 3. Low battery. 1. The setting of extension baud rate is not consistent with the setting of host machine; 2. Extension address is 0 or excess range; 3. Twisted-pair cable is too thin, capacitance is too big of wires; 			